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Per annum in advance.....$2 00
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☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.

A toilet delight. Superior to any cologne, used to bathe the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to allay inflammation, to perfume clothing, for headache, &c. It is manufactured from the rich southern Magnolia, and is obtaining a patronage quite unprecedented. It is a favorite with actresses and opera singers. It is sold by all dealers, at $1,00 in large bottles, and by Demas Barnes & Co., New York, Wholesale Agents.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

S. T.---1860---X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid fever, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS, which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has our private U. S. stamp unmutilated over the cork with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. ☞ See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. ☞Any person *pretending* to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon or in bulk, is an impostor. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under the U. S. Law, and will be so prosecuted by us. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters, from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For cuts, sprains, burns, swellings and caked breasts, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is a certain cure.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and bites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For spavined horses, the poll evil, ringbone and sweeny, the Mexican Mustang Liniment never fails.

For wind-galls, scratches, big-head and splint, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is worth its weight in gold.

Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are so common and certain to occur in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.

It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.

"In lifting the kettle from the fire, it tipped over and scalded my hands terribly. * * * The Mustang Liniment extracted the pain, caused the sore to heal rapidly, and left very little scar.

CHAS. FOSTER, 420 Broad street, Philada.

Mr. S. Litch, of Hyde Park, Vt., writes: "My horse was considered worthless, (spavin,) but since the use of the Mustang Liniment. I have sold him for $150. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here."

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, signed, G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and also has the private U. S. stamp of Demas Barnes & Co., over the top.

Look closely, and be not deceived by counterfeits.

Sold by all Druggists at 25, 50 cts, and $1,00.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair turning gray and falling off.
It restores hair upon prematurely bald heads.

This is just what Lyon's Kathairon will do. It is precisely—it is cheap—durable. It is literally sold by the car load, and yet its almost incredible demand is daily increasing, until there is hardly a country store that does not keep it, or a family that does not use it.

E. THOMAS LYON, Chemist, N. Y.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Who would not be beautiful? Who would not add to their beauty? What gives that marble purity and *delicate* appearance we observe upon the stage and in the city belle? It is no longer a secret. They use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its continued use removes tan, freckles, pimples, and roughness, from the face and hands, and leaves the complexion smooth, transparent, blooming and *ravishing*. *Unlike many cosmetics, it contains no material injurious to the skin.* Any Druggist will order it for you, if not on hand, at 50 cents per bottle.

W. E. HAGAN, Troy, N. Y. Chemist.

Demas Barnes & Co., Wholesale Agents, N. Y

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Heimstreet's inimitable Hair Coloring is not a dye. All instantaneous dyes are composed of *lunar caustic*, and more or less destroy the vitality and beauty of the hair. This is the original Hair Coloring, and has been growing in favor over twenty years. It restores gray hair to its original color by gradual absorption, in a most remarkable manner. It is also a beautiful hair dressing. Sold in two sizes—50 cents and $1—by all dealers.

C. HEIMSTREET, Chemist,

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flatulency, &c., where a warming stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere, at 50 cents per bottle. Ask for "LYON'S" Pure Extract. Take no other.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists,

july11, 1866—eowly

☞All the above articles for sale by S. S. SMITH, Huntingdon, Penna.

SPICES.

All kinds of Spices for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery, Huntingdon, Pa.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

HAMS. HAMS.

Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at

Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS!

Levering's Best and other syrups, New Orleans, Porto Rico and Sugar House Molasses, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1866. NO. 21.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possess the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the best style, every variety of Job Printing, such

HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SMILE AND BE CONTENTED.

The world grows old and men grow cold
To each while seeking treasure,
And what with want and care and toil,
We scarce have time for pleasure.

But never mind—that is a loss,
Not much to be lamented,
Life rolls on gaily if we will,
But smile and be contented.

If we are poor, and would be rich,
It will not be by pining,
No! no! steady hearts and hopeful minds,
Are life's bright silver linings.

There's ne'er a man who dared to hope,
Hath of his choice repented;
The happiest souls on earth are those,
Who smile and are contented.

When grief doth come and rack the heart,
And fortune bids us sorrow,
From hope we may a blessing reap,
And consolation borrow.

If thorns arise when roses bloom,
It cannot be prevented;
So make the best of life you can,
And smile and be contented.

WIT AND HUMOR.

LADIES make love nowadays full 'tilt.'

WHAT's the latest and sweetest thing in bonnets? The ladies' faces, to be sure.

SOME say the quickest way to destroy weeds is to marry a widow. It's no doubt a delightful species of husbandry.

SOME cynical old bachelor says an oyster don't know much, but it has one advantage over a woman—it knows when to shut its mouth. The brute!

A Morayshire farmer recently sent the following message to the "lady of his love:" "Tell her," he said, "that win she doesna ha'e me, I winna kill mysel, but I'll pine awa!"

A golden rule for a young lady is to converse always with your female friends as if a gentleman were of the party, and with young men, as if your female companions were present.

"WILL you not venture upon one of these oranges?" said a lady to Liegh Hunt.

"Excuse me, madam," he replied, "I am afraid I should fall off."

"WHAT time is it, Tom?"

"Just time to pay that little account you owe me."

"O, indeed! Well, I didn't think it was half so late."

A man came home drunk on a cold night and vomited in a basket containing goslings which his wife had placed before the fire, upon seeing which he exclaimed, "My goodness, wife? when did I swallow them things."

ONLY the other day a young lady asked me: "What is your favorite flower?" As she was a fashionable lady, I supposed, of course, she referred to household matters, and innocently answered, "extra family."

THE Philadelphia *Bulletin* says the President has an extraordinary faculty of putting saddles upon wrong horses. The Boston *Post* says this will not interfere with the *Bulletin's* back as long as he dosen't saddle jackasses.

SUPERLATIVES are dangerous things. A man once wrote to his wife: "My dearest Maria;" and by return of post he received the cold reply, "Permit me to correct either your grammar or your morality; who are your other dear Maria's?"

"Boy, did you let off that gun?" ejaculated an enraged schoolmaster.

"Yes, sir."

"Well, sir, what do you think I will do to you?"

"Why, let *me* off."

"VEGETABLE pills!" exclaimed an old lady, "dont talk to me of such stuff. The best vegetable pill ever made is an apple dumpling. For destroying a gnawing of the stomach there's nothing like it."

WHATEVER we may think of woman's right to vote and legislate, there can be no disputing her right to *bare* arms, and the prettier, the better, and more irresistible. This is a right descended from Mother Eve.

THE presiding mistress at a boarding house "hoped the tea was good."

"Very good, indeed, madam," was the general reply; but Jones, between truth and politeness, observed, "that the tea was excellent, but the water was smoky."

AN Irish woman applied to the Portland Relief Committee, when the following colloquy ensued:

"How many children have you?"

"Six."

"How old is your youngest."

"*My youngest is dead and I've had another since.*"

A dabbler in literature, strolling along the river's bank, chance to spy a ragged little urchin fishing and stepping up, thus addressed him:

"Adolescence, art thou endeavoring to entice the finny tribe to engulph into their denticulate mouths a barbed hook, upon the extremity of which is affixed a dainty allurement?"

"No," said the the boy, "I'm fishin."

"WELL, Tom," said a blacksmith to his apprentice, "you have been with me now three months, and have seen all the different points in our trade. I wish to give you your choice of work for a while."

"Thank'ee, sir."

"Well, now, what part of the business do you like the best?"

"Shuttin' up shop, and goin' to dinner, sir."

SELLING A GRINDSTONE.

Among Fred's numerous friends was Judge Newton, who resided in Mahoning county, this State. Fred always made the Judge's home his home when he traveled that part of the country. The Judge was a fine, jovial old fellow, fond of a joke and was always trying to get a joke upon Fred, when he stayed with him.

One day, some time in the year 1839 Fred was passing through, and put up with him over night. In the morning he was determined to drive a trade with him of some kind, offering in his usual way to take anything for payment:

"I'll tell you what I'll do," said the Judge, laughing, "I've got a first-rate grindstone out in the yard, if you'll take that I'll trade it out." "Very well," said Fred, "I'll take it, it's just as good pay as I want."

They went out to the wagon, and the Judge turned out his grindstone, which Fred loaded in his wagon and started. He had not gone far before he saw a customer and stopped his team.

"Good morning, Squire—want any thing in my line this morning."

"Well I don't know, Fred," replied he in a bantering tone, "got any grindstones?"

"Yes, sir; got a first rate one; just come out and look at it."

Now it happened the man really did not want a grindstone; he was acquainted with Fred and spoke in the manner he did because he had no idea Fred had one.

"I like the looks of that stone," said he, after examining it, "and as I want one very much, and you take anything for payment, I'll give you six cents a pound for it (four cents was the regular price) provided you will take such property as I turn out to you for payment."

"Certainly," said Fred, "I always do."

"Very well. How much does the grindstone weigh?"

"Just forty-eight pounds," said Fred, and proceeded to unload it.

"Now come with me, Fred," said the old Squire, grinning, when this was finished, "and get your pay."

Fred followed him to the stable.

"There," said he, pointing to a bull calf, just six weeks old, which was standing in the stable, "there's a first rate calf, worth about three dollars, which I suppose will pay you for the stone."

"Very good, just as good pay as I want," said Fred, as he unfastened his calf and led him to his wagon. "But stop a minute," said he, "I shall be back this way in about three weeks, and if you will keep him till then I will pay you what is right for it."

"Oh, yes, I'll keep him for you," said the Squire, laughing, as Fred drove off, with the idea of having beat him.

He supposed that Fred would never call for the calf, but he did not know his man, and when he called, the Squire had nothing better than to give up his property.

He then traveled, and as it was now near night, Fred concluded to put up with the Judge.

As he alighted at the gate he was met by a hearty shake of the hand, and "how are you, Fred? What did you do with your old grindstone?"

"I sold it a day or two ago, at a good profit, I can tell you; I received six cents a pound for it."

"Ah!" said the Judge, in surprise; "but what have you got under there?" now for the first time noticing the calf.

"O," said Fred, indifferently, "that's a calf I'm taking to Colonel Davis up our way; the Colonel made me promise to fetch him one, and he seems to set great value on him; for my part I consider him nothing but a common calf, not worth more than three dollars.

It might be as well to mention that this was about the time of the great excitement about imported stock, and that Colonel D. of whom Fred spoke, was a man known of Judge Newton to be a heavy importer of foreign stock particularly of the Durham.

Junge Newton had often endeavored to procure some of the stock, but as it was then very scarce and bore a high price, he examined it a little more closely to purchase it.

"It's one of the regular Durhams, sure," said he musing, "and a fine one at that; if you will part with him, I'll give you twenty-five dollars for him."

"Couldn't part with him for no such money. Colonel Davis is to give me seventy-five as soon as I get home."

"Well you wont take him clear home with you, and if you'll let me have him, I'll give you fifty dollars."

"No, can't do it; I've disappointed the Colonel two or three times already and he wouldn't like it at all if I should disappoint him in this way again."

"But, said the Judge, now becoming anxious, "you can tell him you have not been over the mountains."

"I don't know about it, Judge," said Fred, after a pause. "As you say it's some ways home, and will cost something to get him there; and if you will give me seventy-five dollars I don't know but you may take him."

The Judge was delighted with his purchase and paid the money on the spot.

As they were taking the calf to the barn, Fred remarked:

"I say, Judge, I don't see what there is about that calf that makes him worth more money than any other. I believe I can get as many calves as I want for three dollars."

"Perhaps you can," answered the Judge, "in a few years when they become plenty."

In the morning when Fred was starting, he remarked.

"I hope when you have any more grindstones to sell you'll remember me!"

"Thank you, I will," said the Judge not exactly understanding what Fred was driving at.

A few days after Fred was gone, the Squire of whom Fred had bought the calf was passing, when Judge Newton called him to tell him that he had at last succeeded in obtaining some of the famed stock. The Squire expressed a desire to see it, and they proceeded to the barn.

"Is that the one?" said he.

"Yes."

"Who did you get it of?"

"Of Fred Grishgold; I paid him seventy-five dollars for it."

The Squire burst out into a loud laugh.

"Why Judge," said he as soon as he could speak, "I sold him that calf a short time ago for a grindstone!

The Judge was perfectly astonished. He thought of it a moment and then said:

"Yes—I sold him that grindstone.—He has beat me at my own game! He told me that calf was not worth more than three dollars! Don't say anything about this, and you may have the calf and welcome."

The Judge went back to the house muttering 'B-E-A-T?"

Fred often called there after this, but Judge Newton never reverted to the subject, neither did he ever wish to dispose of any more grindstones.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Proclamation of Governor Curtin.

Twenty-ninth Day of November Appointed as a Day of Thanksgiving.

In the Name and by the Authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

ANDREW G. CURTIN,

GOVERNOR OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, It hath been the good and worthy custom of the Commonwealth to set apart, annually, a day for the special acknowledgement of the goodness of the Almighty, and for expressing, by the whole people, at one time and with a common voice, the thanks and praise which throughout the year are springing from the hearts of men; therefore,

I, Andrew G. Curtin, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do, by this my proclamation, recommend that the good people of the Commonwealth observe Thursday, the 29th day of November next, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, and do then assemble in their respective churches and places of worship, and make their humble thank offering to Almighty God for all His blessings during the past year.

For the abundant gathered fruits of the earth.

For the thus far continued activity of industry;

For the general preservation of health;

And especially for that, in His divine mercy, He hath stayed the threatened pestilence.

And, moreover, that they do beseech Him to continue unto us all His blessings, and to confirm the hearts of the people of these United States, that by the lawful force of their will, deeds of good justice, wisdom, and mercy may be done.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this twenty-ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty six, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-first.

By the Governor:—

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Born in the Woods.

A Sad Story.—The Pittsburg *Republic* says: A young girl, residing in Allegheny City, respectably connected, but in indigent circumstances—one of the toiling million—about a year ago became acquainted with an *attache* of one of our railroad companies. The acquaintance ripened into intimacy and the usual result followed where confiding innocence becomes entangled in the meshes of designing villainy. The poor girl fell a victim to the arts of the seducer. Last week she realized the painful fact that she was soon to become a mother. The remorse of many months cumulated in a desperate resolve. She determined to leave her home, and intent on self-destruction, we judge, wandered to the hills in the neighborhood of Wood's Run:

"To hide her shame from every eye
To give repentance to her lover,
And wring his bosom—to die."

One day, the latter part of last week she was discovered in a secluded spot, on one of the hills near the locality named, suffering all the pains of childbirth. Providence, it would seem must have directed the steps of three humane ladies to the spot where the suffering girl lay; they found her in the condition we have stated. With a womanly sympathy they ministered to her wants by such means as were at their command. The situation of the unfortunate one forbade her removal, and there under the shadow of the great oaks, she gave birth to a female child. As soon as it was possible she was removed, under the direction of these ladies, to a neighboring house. It is doubtful if she survives the exposure to which she was subjected, but the little waif thrown so inauspiciously on the broad ocean of humanity seems to have a stout hold on life, and to all appearances will survive.

This is a "strange story," but we have it as we give it, from the highest authority. We trust justice may yet overtake the author of the poor mother's misfortunes, and if she recovers, we know that efforts will be made to mete out to him his just deserts.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

[Under this head we give opinions of leading journals, that our readers may see more than one side of a question.]

[From the New York Times.]

The Democratic Party and the Elections.

We trust the Democratic party is satisfied with the success of its "little game" in the late elections. If it is, everybody else can well afford to be content. The extreme radicals, as usual, owe their power to the selfish and unscrupulous partizanship of the Democrats; and the Union men can console themselves for whatever good results they have failed to secure, by the fact that the ascendancy of the Democratic party has at all events been averted. It was that ascendancy which the Democrats sought, and which the people feared more than anything else. The Democratic leaders in all the States, and most notably in Pennsylvania and New York—made the restoration of their party to power the main aim of all their efforts.

They held everything everywhere subordinate to this one object. They supported President Johnson, partly perhaps because they agreed with him, but mainly to control the patronage and the power of his command for the attainment at this one end. They endorsed the Philadelphia Convention—partly because its positions and principles defied their assaults—but mainly because they hoped to make it the stepping stone to party control in State and national affairs. They used both the President and the Convention, remorselessly and recklessly, for their own advantage, and they have been utterly and thoroughly overwhelmed with defeat.

The reason of this result is palpable. The people distrust the patriotism and loyalty of the Democratic party, and will not trust the restoration of the Union and the reformation of our civil and political institutions to its hands. They see now more clearly than they could see before the war, that the inherent spirit and temper of that party were always at war with the best interests of the nation. The party, as such, always allied itself with the worst elements and most perilous influences of the national life. It was the *ally of slavery—not simply tolerant of* its existence, but the active defender of its worst enormities and the open advocate of its ambition. Out of its devotion to slavery and its craving for the power which slavery carried with it, it led the South into the Rebellion, and lacked nothing but the courage to follow it thither. Throughout the war, its sympathies, as a party, were with the Rebellion.

It rejoiced in its success—it magnified its merits and power, it mourned its defeats, it predicted its triumph—it crippled and hampered the Government it its struggle against it, it threw out of the party as false and treacherous those men who sought to give vigor and success to the nation's arms, and it evinced in every way and by every means which can indicate the *spirit and purpose of party action*, the most determined and ingrained sympathy with the Rebel movement. Such action in such a crisis makes an abiding impression on the public mind. Neither in the case of individuals nor of a party is it soon forgotten. The people long for peace, for the restoration of the Union, for the resumption of national prosperity and power; but they want all this on the basis of the Union principles vindicated and established by the war.

Whatever differences of opinion have existed in the Union party should have been settled within that party and by its members. President Johnson always declared that he so intended; that he sought only to save the party which carried the country through the war from falling into the hands of extreme men; and that he had no thought or purpose of throwing the power of the Government into the hands of the party which had opposed the war, and which was now ready to sacrifice its results to securing its own ascendancy. If the President had adhered to this purpose he could very easily have secured the result at which he aimed. But he allowed the Democrats to overrule or overbear him. Instead of aiding and strengthening the national sentiment in the Union ranks, and thus checking and thwarting the Disunion element which sought to control it, he invoked the Democratic party to the rescue. He recognized the nominations of that party everywhere as those for which he sought support—as those which represented his policy and his Administration—as those whose success was demanded by the principles he deemed essential to the public good.

And even after the Philadelphia Convention had laid down a platform thoroughly national in its principles, and upon the which the Union could be restored in strict harmony with the results of the war and the principles on which the war has been carried to its triumphant close, he still permitted the Democratic party to seize upon it for its own advantage—to climb into power by its aid, to use it for the promotion of its own ends, and the re-establishment in the national councils of its own supremacy. The Democrats in the Albany Convention cared nothing for the Philadelphia Convention—nothing for President Johnson, nothing for the restoration of the Union—nothing for the patriotic men who were struggling for it, except as it could use them all to bring the old Democratic party, as it had been organized and controlled for the past five years, again into power. That was the object and aim of all their efforts. Everything else was of not the slightest consequence except as it could be made to aid in its attainment. Their action was friendly and vigorously partisan throughout. They held their party organization, laid down their party platform, put a party ticket in the field, and aimed openly and avowedly at a party victory. And they made the President believe that the success of his principles *depended on giving them a party* triumph and the offices in his gift as essential thereto.

The result is now visible, and is precisely what calm and dispassionate observers know it would be. The direct effect of this policy was to unite the Union party—to consolidate all its strength against the Democratic party, whose success was to be the deathknell of its influence on national affairs. No man outside the ranks of the Democratic organization had the slightest interest, personal or political, in its success. Indeed everything which Union men had deemed essential to the public good was directly threatened with utter overthrow by the renewed ascendancy of the Democratic party. The people would not tolerate such a result. They would not entrust the restoration of the Union to the party which had sympathized with those who sought its overthrow. Whatever their faults, those who had saved it were the most to be trusted in its redemption. And so they have continued the control of the nation's affairs in the hands of the Union Party. How that control is to be exercised—whether under the guidance of calm and patriotic counsels, or *by passion, and the ambition of reckless* and unscrupulous men, it is for the future to reveal.

One result has been put beyond further controversy by these elections—the Democratic party will not be speedily restored to power in national affairs. It will not be allowed to control the destiny or to shape the policy of the country. The more it strives to seize the reins of authority, the more profound will be the popular distrust of its temper, and the more vigorously will its efforts be resisted.

[From the New York Herald.]

The Late Elections--The President, Congress, and the Political Parties of the Day.

The emphasis with which the powerful people of the mighty North have endorsed the Constitutional amendment now before the States, will be understood by a glance at the Republican majorities, in round numbers, rolled up in the late September, October, and November elections, viz:—

Massachusetts	52,000	Illinois	15,000
Ohio	42,000	Michigan	30,000
Vermont	22,000	Maine	27,000
Missouri	25,000	Pennsylvania	17,000
Iowa	25,000	Wisconsin	15,000
Kansas	15,000	Indiana	14,000
New York	12,000	Minnesota	10,000
West Virginia	8,000	New Jersey	2,000
Nevada	1,000		
		Grand aggregate majority	362,000

There is something positively amazing in these unparalleled and unbroken majorities, and in this grand aggregate of three hundred and sixty-two thousand. We dare say, considering the ravages of the war in the South, that this aggregate Northern majority exceeds the whole popular vote which could now be cast, under their existing election laws, by the whole ten Southern States excluded from Congress. Here, too, we have the evidence, conclusive and overwhelming, to the effect that this Constitutional amendment to those ten States is the ultimatim of the North, and that to the end of President Johnson's term of office there is no prospect of anything more favorable from Congress.—The issue has been fairly tried between the President and Congress, and the verdict settled to the 4th of March, 1869.

The President, therefore, can do nothing and has nothing to hope for in continuing to advocate his restoration policy against the plan of Congress.—As a patriotic man and as a statesman of experience and sagacity, we expect him to yield the road to the amendment and to let it take its course.—The recommendation to Congress of a bill or resolution binding the two houses to the admission of each of the excluded States on its ratification of the amendment, would probably not be amiss, although we regard the precedent of Tennessee as substantially meeting this proposition. In any event, it now remains for the excluded States, each for itself, to determine either for the amendment and a restoration to Congress and our national elections, or against the amendment, with the exclusion from the next Presidency and from Congress for an indefinite time to come. This is the simple alternative now before the South.

Next, in this table of Republican majorities, we have the final demolition of the Northern rump of the old exploded National Democratic party. This party, but for its recent alliance with the Administration, and but for the moral and material aid given it by the Administration, would have been too weak to have made a struggle in these late elections. In getting under the wing of President Johnson it was warmed, yea, galvanized, into a show of vigorous vitality; but with his failure to keep it on its legs, it must go into dissolution. Stimulated and rallied for the moment by his powerful tonics and restoratives to a wonderful degree, the inevitable reaction will be speedy and fatal. The rump of the old Democratic party, in fact, has gone the way of the old Whig party and the old Federal party, and its remains must be turned over to some new party organization—not upon the dead issues of the past, but upon the living issues of this new epoch in our political history.

In the present or in the next Congress the controversy between the Republican conservatives and the extreme radical faction must come to a settlement. From all the lights and indications before us, this settlement will be the casting out of the radical fanatics and the consolidation of the great party of the future in the union of all the sound conservative materials of the country, North and South, Republican and Democratic, leaving the sectional ultras, North and South, outside the poor. Thus Wade Hampton and Parson Brownlow, Henry A. Wise and Jack Hamilton, Ben. Butler and Fernando Wood, "Old Thad Stevens" and James Brooks, will be free, if they choose, to form a joint stock combination with the woman's rights and spiritual circles, and all the other schools of demagogues, reformers and fanatics. We put Mr. Brooks (who has had better luck than "little Jack Rogers") in this category, because of his services to Stevens at the last session of Congress, and because we suppose he will follow the same tactics hereafter.

The late Democratic party is effectually used up, and its elements must be recast in a new form and with a new name; for the prestige of the old name has been changed by its war record into public contempt. The Republican party, and the opposition party of the coming Presidential contest, remain still to be organized.—President Johnson, wisely co-operating with the conservative Republicans of Congress, in this view of the situation, may still wield a controling influence in establishing the succeeding party.

Ireland and the Fenians.

While, in this country a large number of persons are talking about the emancipation of Ireland, forming societies in furtherance of the object, and paying weekly contributions, amounting in the aggregate to a large sum, to promote it, the Irish people, on the other side of the water, appear only desirous of getting away from Ireland. It would seem to indicate either that they do not know much about the proposed Irish Republic or that they have not much faith in it or hope of its success.

The following extract from an Irish paper, presents a view of emigration which, although not new to us, yet far from being favorable to any such change of Government in Ireland as the Fenian leaders assure their trustful followers of:

The wholesale desertion of Ireland by its people is saddening to any Irishman who takes a thought of an ancient land and of a race, who, when St. Patrick brought them christianity over the sea, "looked upon it, and loved it." The shamrock of the Apostle waves above the ruins of the Druid's oak—the faith which it typefies has been kept in unshrinking constancy, through centuries of violence and guile—but the *living possessors of that priceless inheritance* are leaving their native shores in swarms, to spread or lose that faith, according to the lot of each in foreign lands. The great Irish event which cannot be ignored, is the Irish emigration. However people may differ in their thoughts about it, think of it they must. You cannot pass it over. All Irishmen, worthy of the name, look upon it with great regret—enlightened Englishmen, taking imperial views of the matter, do not like it much. The present Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Disræli, gave it careful prominence in a recent speech of his. He considered it a thing to be deplored, and stopped by legislation in some way, if possible. There are no doubt, some who view this national catastrophe with pleasure—some who would gladly see the Irish small tenant replaced by beasts for the market others by strangers from England or Scotland. But the most narrow minded, and, we hope, the smallest class of them, is composed of persons who rejoice at Irish emigration, as affording the chance of turning Ireland into a Protestant country by putting Protestants into the deserted homes of Catholics, and converting the farm when they cannot convert the man.

This voluntary expatriation may prove that Ireland is badly governed, and that a Republic of the right sort might be an advantage to it, but it also indicates that there is no real expectation of it among the people there.

GEO. F. TRAIN ON WHISKEY.—Geo. F. Train withdraws from the canvass as a candidate for Territorial delegate *in Congress from Nebraska*, for the reasons which are thus set forth:

I am told to-day that money is wanted for carriages to bring up the voters, and to scatter among the beer shops and groggeries. Any spare money I have I prefer to devote to education and Christian charities. Purchasing votes debases franchise and demoralizes the people. I have lectured too often for the Irish Father Mathew societies to go back on them by treating the voters. No wife, no little children shall have reason to complain of a drunken husband or father on election day on my account. Whiskey is the curse of time. It is ruining our young men, and hurrying old men to the grave. Rich and poor, high and low, alike, are being destroyed under its blighting influence. When we have fewer broweries, fewer distilleries, and more schools, the law courts and the jails will be less patronized, and the world the better for it.

IT is related by a gentleman from Fredericksburg that a curious relic of the war was recently picked up on the battle field of Chancellorsville and carried to a junk dealer in that city. The relic consists of a star formed by two musket balls which collided as they were passing through the air with great velocity from opposite directions.—There seems to be no doubt of the star being formed in this way, as the undefaced appearance of the bases of the two bullets clearly indicates that they came together in this way.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 21, 1866

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.

Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag, the Constitution and the Union under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY, POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

IT IS a subject for rejoicing that the Baltimore difficulty was settled without bloodshed, which we were led to believe was inevitable. The election was held in that city, and no disturbances of any serious importance were occasioned. Baltimore now rests in apparent peace and quiet; no inflammatory appeals of malice and revenge are heralded over the country, actuating the people to avenge the horrors of Baltimore; and the threats of hot-headed politicians inciting mob violence and disobedience to law had fortunately no effect upon the sober-minded people. The threats proved of no avail in carrying the city for the Radicals, but has only proven what might have been foretold, that vituperation only recoils on the heads of the authors, and defeats the object for which it is intended.

But what would have been the result if a riot had occurred in Baltimore, and terminated in a massacre? Why, it would undoubtedly have resulted as it did in the case of New Orleans:—President Johnson would be branded as a double-dyed murderer, the full guilt resting on him. We all know the tale of New Orleans, and we all know, alas, only too well, how the President received the blame from every Radical quarter until many were led to believe that he indeed was the author of that tragedy. And indeed in the case of Baltimore, President Johnson received the blame for the occasional outbursts of angry feeling. But how is it now, when peace is restored? Does President Johnson receive the credit for keeping the peace? O, no. Wherever there is a chance of charging him with evil, the evil is presented and he is guilty of it; but wherever good is done by him, it is slow to be shown; and thus the people are left to expect nothing but evil to flow from the great head of the nation. Is not President Johnson equally responsible for the quiet at Baltimore, as he was made responsible for the riot at New Orleans? We have never held him chargeable for the murder at New Orleans, but we do believe that if he had known the situation of affairs there in time, he would have as effectually restored peace as he undoubtedly did in Baltimore. The trouble has been that a few individuals are only too ready to misjudge the President and many are too easily entreated to believe them.

THE HAPPY TIME COMING.—Strange though true, that extremes are coming together. Some of the most prominent and most radical Democratic press in several of the States are now advocating negro suffrage, and they harmonize with some of the Radical Republicans in favoring universal amnesty to the rebels in exchange for universal suffrage. The politicians are in motion and the people are expected to follow them. The Democratic leaders seem to think that negro suffrage must come, and their idea is to bid in time for such a vote. The colored voters will vote with the party favoring them most; and holding the balance of power in many States, cities, counties and towns, they will demand a liberal share of offices. The party giving them all they may demand will receive their support. Prepare for the new order of things—the happy time is coming—the politicians are at work.

Peace and Union.

The New York *Tribune*, referring to some of the recent ferocious diatribes of Wendell Phillips, Parson Brownlow, Ben Butler, Thad Stevens, John W. Forney and their confederates, says

"There are restless spirits in all parties and sections, who mean to keep the country distracted and agitated indefinitely, but they are a very small minority of the whole people. Faction and folly may give them a temporary ascendancy, but the great majority, who anxiously desire peace and general contentment, must be badly misled if they do not soon achieve the fruition of their hopes and efforts."

The *Tribune's* views are sound, and its warnings are timely and salutary. We trust the "restless spirits," who are doing their best to plunge the country into fresh strife and turmoil, will heed the warning thus administered by a journal which has been their main support hitherto.

☞Will giving a vote to the millions of colored men most benefit them or the politicians? Does an increased vote in a city or State give better government? Would not cities and States be better governed if intelligent suffrage only should be permitted?

EXTREMES.—In Massachusetts two colored men were elected to the Legislature by the Republicans at the late election. In New York city, John Morrissey, the prize fighter and gambler, was elected to Congress by the Democrats.

United States Senator.

A Union Republican County Convention of Delegates was held in Chambersburg, Franklin county, on Tuesday of last week. The Convention was called for the purpose of instructing the Senator and Representatives from that district on the United States Senator question. The Convention was full and but one ballot was had with the following result:

Andrew G. Curtin,	66 votes.
Thaddeus Stevens,	7 "
Galusha A. Grow,	2 "
Simon Cameron.	1 "

Before the vote was announced the vote of Washington district was changed to Gov. Curtin, and the vote was declared as follows:

For Gov. Curtin,	73 votes.
For Mr. Grow,	2 "
For Mr. Cameron,	1 "

The result was received with protracted applause.

The following among other resolutions were offered by Mr. M'Clure and adopted:

Resolved, That in obedience to the emphatic expression of the Republicans of Franklin county, our Senator and Representatives are hereby instructed, in the name of the People they have been chosen to represent, to give a zealous and faithful support to Andrew G. Curtin for U. S. Senator in the Republican Senatorial caucus.

Col. Weistling moved to amend the 3d resolution, by adding to the end thereof the following:

Or such other gentleman for U. S. Senator, as their judgment may dictate to be for the best interests of this Commonwealth.

The motion was lost, receiving but a few votes, when the resolution was adopted.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE AND THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.—Since the fate of the Democratic party has been almost effectually sealed by the result of the recent elections, there is great speculation amongst its leaders in choosing programmes and platforms which will insure the final triumph of that party. The latest sign of the times is that the leaders are attempting to wheel the Democratic column into line with the Radicals, by taking up their ideas on the negro question, and conferring suffrage on that race. We give the following opinion from the Chicago *Times*, a leading Democratic journal:

"Qualified negro suffrage yielded by the South—and by this we mean impartial suffrage, or suffrage dependent upon the intelligence of the man, irrespective of color, as is now the rule in Massachusetts,—the negro question will have been disposed of, and the occupation of the Northern Republican radical party will be gone forever. Not one inch of ground will it have to stand upon; and the country can once more turn to those material questions of public policy the right disposition of which is so essential to the public prosperity. It will be upon these questions that the Democratic party will triumph, and it will be by this triumph that constitutional government and our federal system will be preserved."

The Famine in India.

Our people can not even imagine the sufferings of the inhabitants of India from the terrible plagues—cholera and famine. In the province of Orissa, which suffered the most severely, it is reported that half the population have perished—that is, fully two millions and a half of people. An account says:

"When the famine was at its height, the starving poor, we are told, crowded into the streets of Calcutta, and it was estimated that no fewer than 20,000 to 25,000 starving people were wandering about the capital. At Mullick's Ghat, where the Bombay merchants raised a fund and distributed food, there was at one time 7,000 famishing applicants crowded up. They were described as placed in order upon an open space, waiting for the distribution. On one side nearly 4,000 Hindoos, each with a leaf platter before him, were scattered on the wet ground, hastily partaking of the scanty dole they received. On the other side were thousands of famishing Musselmen, ranged in like manner, and watching with silent and greedy eagerness the meal of their Hindoo brethren, and counting with bitter longings the minutes till their turns should come. Under the shelter of the Ghat crowded the women, girls and children. Outside the gates were hundreds and hundreds who had lost their chance till the next distribution, but over all a horrible dead silence, no chattering or converse, hardly a sound excepting when at intervals some wretch threw up his arms with an ejaculation to heaven, wrung from him by the unappeasable pangs of hunger. More than this, officials wrote home descriptions of meeting dead bodies in every morning's ride; bodies lying in the road with the dogs eating them at leisure."

HOW THE PRESIDENT TALKS.—The Washington correspondent of the British *Advertiser*, under date of the 9th, writes as follows: "A gentleman who saw the President last evening says he was not in a good humor at first, but became more cheerful when one of the party undertook to show that Col. Forney has no chance of being elected to the Senate. The conversation finally turned upon the future, and Mr. Johnson quoted the idea of Mr. Seward—in his letter indorsing the call for the Philadelphia Convention, I believe—that the work of the hour was to induce Congress to act. That's what we want said the President; the executive and judicial departments have done all they can to restore the Union, and now we want Congress to do its part. He believed that the result of the elections would enable Congess to act; they wouldn't act last session because they were figuring for the elections; these were now over, and he hoped to find them acting promptly. This would be the final triumph of the views he advocated."

Future Course of President Johnson.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The following is a portion of a communication to-day addressed by a member of the Cabinet to a friend of the Administration in New England, who seemed to be apprehensive that the difficulties between the President and Congress might induce action on the part of the former which would tend to widen the breach, if it did not put important interests in peril. The member of the Cabinet says:—

"Notwithstanding his long public career, few men seem to be less understood than President Johnson. That he is a man of strong convictions and earnest purposes, is evident from the manner in which he advocated and pushed forward important measures in Congress, like the Homestead bill, and the stand which he took against secession and in favor of the Government during the late civil war. He believes that the manner in which he proposed that the Government should deal with the Southern States was not only a magnanimous one, but the only one likely to result in a speedy and hearty reconciliation between the sections; and he has felt it to be his duty to sustain his views by the exercise of such powers as the Constitution had clothed him with. But while this has been and doubtless will continue to be his course, he will violate no law, nor fail to perform the duties which are legally devolved upon him. He will veto every bill that he may regard as unconstitutional, no matter how unpopular it may be for him to do so; but he will execute with scrupulous fidelity all laws, and especially those to which he has refused to give his Executive sanction. The apprehension which you seem to feel, and which many others share with you, that Mr. Johnson will attempt to force Southern Representatives into Congress, or do any other imprudent thing by which the public peace will be disturbed or the public credit be deranged, is utterly unfounded. While he will exercise fearlessly the power which he possesses under the Constitution, in furtherance of the measures which he thinks are best calculated to promote the public weal, he will not quarrel with Congress for pursuing the same independent course. He regrets the disagreement between the Legislative and Executive branches of the Government, and would, I doubt not, yield much to effect a reconciliation. He will not, however, sacrifice his principles nor violate the Constitution, according to his interpretation of it, no matter what pressure may be brought to bear upon him. He means to do right as he understands the right, and will trust to time for the vindication of his course. He will be as true to the Constitution and the Government as President of the United States as he was true to the Union in the darkest days of its trials."—*New York Times.*

The Baltimore Difficulty.

The Decision of the Court.—The New Commissioners in office.

BALTIMORE, November 13.—Judge Bartol delivered his opinion at noon to day in the habeas corpus case of Young and Valliant, the new Police Commissioners, and Sheriff Thompson, sustaining Governor Swann in appointing the new Board, and Sheriff Thompson in obeying the orders thereof, in summoning the *posse comitas*, and declaring the old Police Board acting in violation of law, and Messrs. Young & Valliant to be the legally constituted Board; and holding Messrs. Young & Valliant to give five thousand dollars bail each not to take by violence the papers and property now in hands of the old Board.

His opinion occupied nearly one hour in delivering, and was very able. The opinion also declares that the old Board have been acting in violation of law, and against the authority of the Governor. The new Board will go into office no doubt immediately, without further resistance.

There is no doubt the late election, under the old Board, was a nullity, and illegal.

BALTIMORE, November 14.—The new Police Commissioners are now regularly installed, and the old ones have ceased acting. Marshals Carmichael and Manley and all the police force are acting under the new Board. There is an immense pressure of conservatives for appointments. The new Board say they will not make changes on mere political sentiment.

It is now conceded that the recent election was illegal.

Governor Swann will not convene an extra session of the Legislature.

ILLINOIS AND ITS PRODUCE.—A correspondent of a Boston paper writes thus curiously: "The increase of the population of the State of Illinois from 1850 to 1860 was 860,000. Of its 35,000,000 acres of land, 30,000,000 are tillable. Last year it produced one-fifth as much grain as all the States in 1860. It is estimated that its present agricultural products support six millions of people. Its last corn crop amounted to 177,000,000 bushels; its wheat, 25,000,000. Rev. G. S. Bailey has made a calculation that it would take 25 585 engines to draw the corn crop of the State; and the trains would be 3,320 miles long. Putting the corn into wagons with 44 bushels in each, it would take four million of them to contain it, and the procession would be 25,000 miles long—reaching round the globe—and would require more horses to draw them than are in existence. Illinois has now a population of upwards of two millions, of whom at least one quarter are foreigners—principally Germans, mainly Protestants, and possessing a deep sympathy for the free institutions of the country."

A SINFUL WISH FULFILLED.—A man named John Eck, living near Pricetown, Berks county, some time ago offered his house for sale, and for some unknown cause it was not sold. He then made the following declaring; "That he wished it would burn down over his head." On Sunday morning last the house was discovered to be on fire, when some of the neighbors rushed up stairs, when, strange to say, they found Mr. Eck dead, he having received a stroke of the palsy a few moments before the fire. Through the superhuman efforts of the neighbors, the body was conveyed to the yard before the house was in ruins. Thus was the impious wish fulfilled.

[From Pittsburg Commercial of Saturday last.]

A MINISTER FALLEN.

For some months past the community has been greatly exercised over rumors affecting the character of Rev. James Prestly, D. D., Pastor of the Second United Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh. These rumors were as varied in their character as numerous, and many them had no foundation in fact.—at least those connecting him with criminal intimacy with females in this vicinity, were little better than sheer fabrications. To give the reader a proper understanding of the case, it should be stated that Rev. Prestly has been twice married, having a son and daughter by his first marriage, who have nearly reached their majority. His second wife, was the widow of Dr. Wm. Kerr, who is the mother of four children—three girls and a boy, the oldest being upwards of eighteen years of age. Shortly after the last marriage, those "incompatibilities of temper" began to manifest themselves, which culminated in the commission of the offences of which Dr. Prestly has just been convicted by the ecclesiastical court. The departure of his stepchildren from his home soon after marriage, gave rise to much talk, but eventually it subsided. Finally, his wife, unable longer to put up with his conduct, brought it to the attention of her relatives, who immediately asked an investigation by the Presbytery.

The Charges and Specifications.

On the 29th of October, the Presbytery of Monongahela assembled in the Fifth United Presbyterian Church, corner of Washington and Webster streets, Rev S. B. Reed, Moderator, Rev. W. A. Andrew, clerk, and Rev. W. J. Reid, assistant clerk. Rev. Drs. Kerr and Gracey appeared on behalf of Mrs. Prestly, and Rev. Prestly acted as his own counsel. The charges were in number, and were to the following effect:

First—Unkind, cruel and violent treatment of his wife and family.

Second—Using vulgar and profane language.

Third—Infidelity to his marriage vow.

These three charges contained several specifications. Under the first charge—cruel treatment—the defendant accused of having choked his wife on one occasion at Hookstown. He was also charged with having kicked her, with beating her with a stick and hitting her with his boot.

The specification under the second charge, using vulgar and profane language, set forth that on divers occasions he called his wife all manner of foul names, and called down upon her and her family the most impious imprecations, for instance, "Oh, Lord! crush my wife and her family as deep into hell as a pigeon could fly in five thousand years," or words to that effect.

The specifications of the third charge, infidelity to his marriage vow, were that he maintained relations with females which were inconsistent with his duty as a husband.

To all of these charges and specifications the defendant made a general denial.

The Trial.

Some twenty witnesses were subpœnaed on each side of the case, though all did not attend. Mrs. Prestly was, of course, the principal witness, and her statements, in the main, were corroborated by her children and the servants of the family. The evidence as to cruelty was clear, although the accused produced a number of friends of the family to prove that in their presence his conduct to his wife and children was kind.

The testimony as to his use of vulgar and profane language was by his wife and family. The language attributed to him by the witnesses was of a shocking character—so shocking, indeed, as to create serious doubts in the minds of a number of the members of the Presbytery that any sane man would use it.

On the third charge, the evidence of his familiarity with a young lady of Allegheny was not of a character to effect adversely the standing of either as to morality, although it was held that both were imprudent in their behavior. Another specification alleged an improper correspondence with a widow, lady of New York, to whom he was once affianced. In proof of this specification, a number of letters from this New York lady—which had been intercepted by Mrs. Prestly—were produced. These letters were inclosed in envelopes, directed to "James Peterson, care of Rev. Prestly," the direction being in the handwriting of the defendant. These letters contained many endearing expressions, such as unsophisticated lovers are wont to use in their epistles to one another. In one letter, she says, "Oh, how I would like to meet you in R——, that we might be one night alone," or words to that effect. In another she speaks of going to Europe, and suggests that she would announce her departure prematurely, in order that he might visit her between the time of her feigned and real departure. Another letter covered a returned letter from the defendant, the letter having ventured some very good advice to his fair correspondent, which was not palatable to her. Besides these letters sent to James Peterson, the New York widow kept up an open correspondence with Rev. Prestly, and his wife, all which was proper in its language and seeming purpose.

The Defense.

For this defense, Dr. Prestly called his family physician, Dr. Coffey, his father, brothers and other members of his family, to prove his nervous temperament—that he was easily irritated, the slightest cause sufficing to put him out of temper. Witnesses also testified to his pleasant relations with his family when they were present. In his argument, he attempted to show that his wife and her children and his own children had conspired against him to annoy him, and that a regular system of espionage was established in his house. He took up the evidence of his wife, and claimed that under the Church Discipline, her testimony should be taken with great allowance. The rule is, we believe, that two witnesses must testify to a fact, neither of whom are interested in the result of the investigation. With reference to some points in the testimony that bore hard upon him, the defendant attempted explanations, his own versions in some instances almost corroborating those of the witnesses against him. His argument consumed all of the sessions of Wednesday and part of Thursday morning.

The Judgment.

After the case was closed on both sides, the Court proceeded calmly to discuss the evidence, in order that their judgment might be impartial. Not a single member of the twenty-six Presbyters who voted had any doubt of the defendant's guilt on all the general charges—there being some slight difference of opinion on some of the specifications.

The Sentence.

On Thursday evening, on the re assembling of the Court, the Moderator announced the verdict of guilty. Dr. Prestley was then brought to the bar of the Court, when the Moderater Rev. S. B. Reed, with deep feeling, read the sentence, which was in substance that the Rev. James Prestley, was deposed from the ministry and excommunicated from the Church.

When the sentence was pronounced, Dr. Prestley arose, and said:

"Mr. Moderator—Am I to understand that I am to be denied the privileges of the Church?"

The Moderator—"You are."

As soon as this answer was given, Dr. Prestley sunk, into his seat as if driven there by a blow. He covered his face with his hands, and gave vent to his feelings in audible tears.

A member of the Court moved an adjournment with prayer, suggesting that the erring brother should be especially remembered therein.

The motion prevailed, and the Moderator appointed an intimate friend of long standing of the deposed to make the prayer. At that point of the supplication when the unfortunate man was specially remembered, the scene was one of deep interest, all present being in tears.

At the conclusion of the prayer, the long protracted and extremely painful proceedings, covering a period of more than two weeks, were ended.

The case will now go to the Court on an application for a divorce by Mrs. Prestley.

A REBEL PRISONER'S GRATITUDE TO HIS LOYAL NURSE.—Some time since a letter was received at the State House in Boston addressed to several different names, all similar in sound but different in the spelling. The Surgeon-General knew at once that it could only be meant for a certain lady who had been most devoted during the war as a nurse at the front, where her exposure was great and her labors untiring. He sent it to her. On opening, she found that it was in a disguised hand and without signature, intentionally so, that the writer might not be recognized, or the inclosure—three or four hundred dollars—returned to him. It was from a rebel soldier, who said he was wounded, taken prisoner, and had a limb amputated in a Federal hospital, where he was attended by the lady to whom the letter was directed, as nearly as he could recall her name, having only heard it spoken. He stated that he was so affected by her kindness and care, that he determined if ever he got well and returned home, he would, when the war was over, sell what little property he had and forward the proceeds to her as a proof of his gratitude, and he had taken this method to carry out his noble resolution. The recipient of the letter remembers the case, but has forgotten, if she ever knew, the patient's name.

A RICH COUPLE.—A London correspondent says:—"The betrothal is just declared of perhaps our wealthiest marriageable lady (for Miss Burdetta Coutts I look upon as already wedded to her good works), and Dame Fortune, in her blindest mood, has decreed that she shall find a bridegroom nearly as wealthy as herself. Such will be the case in the marriage of Earl Beauchamp with Miss Dundas-Christopher-Hamilton-Nisbett, in whom each patronymic is understood to imply a fortune. Lord Beauchamp, well known in the House of Commons as the staunch Conservative member of Worcestershire, succeeded last year, by the death of his younger brother, to the title and estates, estimated at over forty thousand a year. But his bride is even more richly endowed, for it is admitted that she will ultimately succeed to an income of more than sixty thousand a year, to say nothing of an immense and increasing amount of ready money. How came the band of fascinating younger brothers to let slip such a prize?"

No less than 47,448 children were registered in England, in 1864, as born out of wedlock. Even this number does not represent the actual state of things. Owing to a defect in the English registration act, which does not make the registration of births compulsory, many cases are never recorded. Dr. Lankester has stated it as his deliberate judgment that sixteen thousand women are living in London whose infant children have been murdered by their hands.

The State Legislature convened at Little Rock, Ark., on Wednesday.—On Thursday the Governor's message was read. It deprecates political excitement, and favors the encouragement of education, railroads, and improvements. The Governor recommends the State Legislature to carry into effect the principles of the Civil Rights Bill; but intimates his preference for the constitutional amendment. Its general tone is mild.

President Johnson does not hesitate to express his perplexity, and those who know him well say that in his forthcoming message he will virtually admit that the people have not indorsed him, and that Congress must—as Mr. Lincoln would have said—"run the machine."

In Richmond on the 15th, Five white men and one negro were flogged by order of the Hastings Court, on conviction of petty larceny. This is the first instance here, in many years, of the infliction of stripes on white men by judicial sentence.

The New York *Herald* of yesterday has a special from the Greenwich Observatory, England, detailing showers of meteors seen on the morning of the 14th, described to be of great beauty and brilliancy. Five thousand in all.

Twenty-five thousand freedmen in the District of Columbia are fed as paupers by the government.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIVIDEND DECLARED.
OFFICE OF THE RICHLAND AND ALLEGHENY OIL CO.
Huntingdon, Pa., Nov. 15, 1866.
At a meeting of the Directors of the Richland and Alleghany Oil Co., held this day a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. was declared upon the original stock of said Company, payable on and after the 28th inst.
no21-2t* JNO. M. BAILEY, Sec'y.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—
[Estate of Thomas Wilson, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary, on the estate of Thomas Wilson, late of Barree township, Huntingdon co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
LEE T. WILSON,
nov21-6t* JESSE P. WILSON.

Dissolution of Partnership.
The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Wm. Lewis & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 15th inst. The book accounts will be settled by Wm. Lewis, who will pay all claims against, and collect all moneys due the firm. WM. LEWIS & CO.
Huntingdon, Nov. 20, 1866.
The business will be continued by the undersigned.—A full stock of choice GROCERIES, and other articles for family use, kept constantly on hand for the accommodation of all who may favor him with their patronage. A share of patronage solicited.
Nov20,1866-tf WM. LEWIS.

$300 REWARD!
THE above reward will be paid to any person or persons who will arrest and lodge in the jail of Huntingdon county, JOSEPH MATTHEWS, who on the 23d day of October, 1866, burned the barn and killed three horses of William P. Goshorn in Tell tp., and now defies the officers of the law. Matthews' family resides in Shirley township, Huntingdon county. He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, had when last seen a full black beard, long black hair, is spare built, has a sharp face, is a little stooped in the shoulders, is about 40 years old, and when last seen wore black clothes and a slouch hat.
The above reward will be paid for his arrest, or $100 thereof will be paid for information that will lead to his arrest.
JACOB MILLER,
ADAM WARFEL,
ADAM FOUSE.
Commissioners' Office, Huntingdon, Nov. 14, 1866 } 2t

WHAT WAS WANTED!
OPEN and READY FOR BUSINESS
H. GREENBERG,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Respectfully informs the public that he has opened a new store in Fisher & Son's New Building, in the Diamond in Huntingdon, where all kinds of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
PIECE GOODS,
Hats, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags, etc.,
Can be found to suit all who may favor him with their patronage.
His Piece Goods are of the best quality and will be MADE UP TO ORDER in the most fashionable and best make and style. All goods can be bought at this establishment from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other place. All desiring a good suit of clothing at a fair price should call and examine goods and prices. All goods leaving his establishment will be warranted to be what may be represented.
H. GREENBERG,
Huntingdon, Nov. 21, 1866. Merchant Tailor.

TO ALL PERSONS INTERESTED.
All persons indebted to the undersigned will call immediately and make settlement, as he is about to close business. M. GUTMAN.
Huntingdon, Nov. 14, 1866

STRAY CALF.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in the borough of Huntingdon, on Thursday, September 28, 1866, a red and white spotted bull calf. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, as he will be disposed of according to law. no7* JOHN ROWLAND.

LUMBER SOLD ON COMMISSION.
S. E HENRY & CO.,
Are receiving all kinds of LUMBER, comprising all the different grades of
BOARDS,
FRAME STUFF,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
PLASTERING LATH,
PLANK,
WORKED FLOORING,
WEATHER BOARDING,
FENCING,
RAILING, &c., &c., &c.
Which will be sold at prices at the mill, with freight added. no7

CHOICE STOCK OF GOODS.
If you want to select your goods from a large and well selected stock of
Fall and Winter Goods,
GO TO HENRY & CO.
Oct.30,3t.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.
WM. S. ENTRIKEN
WOULD respectfully inform the public in general, and his friends in particular, that he has opened a store at
COFFEE RUN,
On the Huntingdon & Broad Top Railroad. His stock consists of,
1. LADIES' DRESS GOODS, the most general variety, selected with the greatest care, and to suit the taste of the most fastidious.
2. GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, the very best the market afforded; entire suits of any and every quality desired.
3. GROCERIES. In this department he defies competition. It consists of best Rio Coffee, Java, Imperial, Black and Green Teas, Sugar, several qualities, Molasses, every variety, Salt, Fish and Tobacco, and every article usually kept in our larger stores.
BOOTS, SHOES, BALMORALS, QUEENSWARE, CUTLERY, &C.
These goods are all fresh from the market; all new and selected with the greatest care.
The public patronage is respectfully solicited. We warrant good measure and honest weight.
Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at the highest market prices. WM. S. ENTRIKEN
Coffee Run, oct31-3m

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY.
Wonderful Scientific Discovery
For the Treatment of Acute and Chronic Diseases.
The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the afflicted females of Huntingdon county, and the adjoining counties, that I have taken instruction in the correct application of Electricity, and am now fully prepared to operate successfully for the cure of persons affected with the following named diseases, viz:

General Debility,	Neuralgia,
Kidney Complaints,	Nervous Diseases;
Liver "	Female Weakness,
Spinal Affection,	Piles and Gravel,
Costiveness,	Bronchial Affection,
Foul Stomach,	Dyspepsia,
Rheumatism,	Headache,
Diseases of the Womb,	Diabetes,
Suppressed Menses,	Goiter, or Big Neck.

Female patients can receive treatment at my residence for any of the above diseases with the wonderful discovery of Electricity; which is without a parallel, and the very desideratum for the afflicted. Please give us a trial. It is a mild operation, producing no shock or unpleasant sensation, and relieves where medicine has no effect at all.
MARGARET LEWIS,
oct10-3m Newton Hamilton, Mifflin co., Pa.

ATTENTION! SOLDIERS!
COME AND GET YOUR BOUNTY!
I have formed a co-partnership with Col. Fuller, Attorney at Law, Washington, D. C., for the purpose of procuring SOLDIERS' BOUNTY, under the recent act of Congress.
Soldiers' widows or orphans are also entitled to receive this bounty.
Send in your applications at once, as first applied for will be first paid. Give your full name, post office address, and length of time in service, and we will at once return you the necessary blanks. Enclose a stamp to pay return postage.
All other claims, of whatever nature, against the U. S. Government, promptly attended to.
☞No charge until the money is collected.
Office with D. Blair, Esq., near the Broad Top Corner, Huntingdon. BLAIR & FULLER.
D. N. BLAIR, Huntingdon. A. S. FULLER, Washington.
aug8,1866

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON ARE selling Goods at greatly reduced prices.

SALES.
PUBLIC SALE.
The undersigned will offer at public sale at his residence in HENDERSON township,
On Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1866,
Four head of Work Horses, including 2 with colt, three young milch Cows, 1 bull, 3 yearling calves, 6 head of spring calves, 8 head of sheep, 1 three horse Wagon, with box, ladders, &c., 1 spring wagon, 1 common sled, 1 log sled, hill side and single and double shovel plows, harrows, a good iron cultivator, and numerous other agricultural implements. Also, Fodder and hay, and a large Lot of household and Kitchen Furniture.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m. when terms will be made known. no15. PHILIP K. HETRICK.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.
A LOG HOUSE, 1½ stories, a frame blacksmith shop, and four acres of ground, in Jackson township, within two miles of McAlevy's Fort, will be sold at private sale. There is a good orchard of all kinds of fruit, good well of water, stable and other outbuildings on the premises.
Application to be made to SARAH THOMPSON on the premises. oc31-6t*

LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers have some lots in the town of Grantsville, or Marklesburg station, which they will sell at low price, from $30 to $100. All who desire a good healthy location to build would do well to call upon them soon at their store, and secure for themselves lots at low prices.
Grantsville, my16. BOYER & GARNER.

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M'BARE, W. F. M'LAUGHLIN.
JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,
Huntingdon, Pa.
Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.
Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.
Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC SOAP
SAVES TIME,
SAVES MONEY,
SAVES LABOR,
SAVES CLOTHES,
SAVES WOMEN,
AND ALL GROCERS SELL IT.
It is used by cutting into small shavings and dissolving in hot water, then soak the clothes five to ten minutes, and a little hand rubbing will make them as clean as hours of hard machine rubbing would do, with ordinary soap, and the most delicate fabric receive no injury. We can refer to thousands of families who are using it, and who could not be persuaded to do without.
DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC SOAP,
Sold by all LEADING GROCERS
THROUGHOUT THE STATE.
WHOLESALE OFFICE:
107 SOUTH FIFTH STREET,
Philadelphia.
Highest Price Paid for Prime Tallow.
☞For sale at LEWIS' Family Grocery.
Oct. 15. '65-6m.2p

FISH. FISH.
Best MACK EREL and HERRING for sale retail at Lewis Family Grocery.

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO wholesale and retail, at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.
H. ROMAN.

BLANK BOOKS, OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

MONEY!
ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!
The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.
All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at Lewis' Book store.
may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS & CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 PINE street, PHILADA. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country, can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. mh21'68-1y

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS constantly on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

COFFEES, SUGARS AND TEAS.
ALL THE CHOICE KINDS FOR SALE
At Lewis' Family Grocery.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.
THOMAS N. COLDER.
The undersigned having now entered into the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that he will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.
Alexandria, Oct. 23, 1866-tf. THOS. N. COLDER.

SPICES.
All kinds of Spices for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery, Huntingdon, Pa.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.
All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

HAMS. HAMS.
Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at
Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS!
Lovering's Best and other syrups, New Orleans, Porto Rico and Sugar House Molasses, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN, always on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

TROPIC COOK STOVES, Gas Burning Parlor Stoves, and all kinds of Hollow ware, at no7 S. E. HENRY & CO.

WOOL BLANKETS, Coverlids, Army Blankets, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

S. E. HENRY & CO. have the largest stock of Ladies Shawls; Hoods, Sontagues, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Ladies Coats, Sacks and Circulars

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Huntingdon will allow a reasonable rate of interest on money left on deposite for three months or longer. se19-3m G. W. GAHERTTSON, Cashier.

CANNED PEACHES and Tomatoes Mixed Pickles, Tomatoe Catsup, Pepper sauce, &c., & for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

PICKLES BY THE DOZEN, Ready for the table, for sale at Lewis Family Grocery.

FOR THE LADIES.
A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

SOUR PICKLES ready for the table, by the doz., ½ doz., or ¼ doz., for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES for wagons of all sizes, for sale at the hardware store of [feb14,1866] JAS. A. BROWN.

ENVELOPES By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 21, 1866.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Brief Items.

—Another new store will open in a few days in the room lately occupied by Fisher & Sons.

—The colored people intend holding a Festival next week in order to liquidate the debt on their new church.

—In demand—good potatoes. Plenty of rotten ones on everybody's hands, for sale cheap.

—The corn crop, from all accounts, was large and good, in this county.—Who knows about wheat?

—It is reported that Mr. John H. Keatley is about starting a temperance paper in Blair county.

—The Rev. Dr. Speer will preach in the Episcopal Church, this place, on next Sabbath, morning and afternoon.

—The new tailoring establishment and clothing store of H. Greenberg is in full blast. Persons in want of a good suit and snug fit will do well to give him a call. See advertisement.

—A sure cure for the pip in poultry—cut their heads off and bury them with their body a foot deep in a corner of your lot. We have cured some thirty or forty in this way when other cures failed. This is a permanent cure.

—W. Lewis has taken the Family Grocery of Lewis & Co. entirely to himself and will continue the business, always keeping on hand every article usually to be found in the best Grocery stores. Call and examine.

—Hall's *Journal of Health* expresses the opinion that buckwheat cakes contain more nourishment for less money than any other article of food. This is very important when wheat and rye stand so high in the figures. Therefore, go in on buckwheaters.

—The people in West Huntingdon have grown so numerous that they begin to cry out for their own comfort. They would like to see a good walk constructed from the board walk down to the town proper. Such a convenience the Council have ordered to be built from the Baptist Church.

—The County Commissioners offer $300 reward for the arrest and confinement of Joseph Matthews, the man who burned the barn of Mr. Goshorn in Tell township, last month. The Commissioners do right in assisting to bring the wretch to speedy judgment. Read advertisement.

—A town hall is sadly needed in this town, and we cannot see why some individual or individuals do not build one. Our borough fathers once talked about it, but for some reason failed to build one. There is no doubt that it would be a paying institution. Other towns can have two or more, while Huntingdon has none.

—We have a set of boys in this town that for ability to disturb public meetings, we will stake against any set in the State. It is not so much the boys' fault, as it is the parents', and not so much the parents' as it is the citizens', generally, who could prevent the misbehaviour if they would take them in hands at once and make an example of a few of them.

—Rumors continue to fly thick and fast concerning the doings of the Penna. Railroad Co. about this town. The last we have from that source is that local freights will make this a laying over rendezvous, (this appears to be true,) and that Huntingdon will be the termination of a Division. This may and may not be true.

Death of a Miser.

There died recently, in the Borough of Wilmore, Cambria Co., an old man named Bernard Halligan, who in his lifetime was a miser of the first class. He was, we believe, a common laborer by occupation, unmarried, and lived alone in the meanest manner in the most cheerless domicil. Previous to his death he had his will drawn up, bequeathing the bulk of his possessions to a sister in Ireland, but when the document was presented to him for his signature he refused to affix his name. He subsequently had one of his neighbors called in, to whom he committed the care of an old trunk, which, after his death, was opened, and is said to have contained some $760 in gold and silver, together with a considerable sum in greenbacks. So miserable did this old man live that when his neighbors came to prepare his body for sepulture not a shred of clean linen could be found in the house with which to dress it. Everything in and about his miserable abode bore the impress of squalid poverty and the utmost degradation.

☞ Printing paper still continues at nearly as high a figure as during the war, with no prospect of a decline in price. Good rag paper commands prices ranging from eighteen to thirty cents per pound. Inferior straw news paper is held at from 16 to 18 cents per pound. At these rates from twenty-five per cent ought to be added to the subscription prices of newspapers to pay a fair profit.

That Meteoric Shower.

From the many notices which the expected meteoric shower of Tuesday or Wednesday night last received, our good people were generally on the alert for the grand display. Tuesday night we heard of a goodly number of our citizens sitting up until a late hour, anxiously awaiting that which was to be, but unfortunately was not. We have no doubt said goodly number counted more twinkles in heaven's lamps than ever before. Wednesday night was the same, with the exception that preparations were made to ring the bells if anything did make its appearance. The morning light dawned again, and again they were doomed to disappointment. This closed the era of anxious watching and sorry disappointment. None of those who sat up have furnished us with a description of what they saw, but we are led to indulge in the hope that a few of them derived some little consolation from the fact that they were fooled to watch the stars a live long night, which under any other circumstance they could not have been prevailed upon to do.

In justice to the astronomers it is reported that meteors were seen from some of the cities in more northern latitudes, and the display is represented as grand, but yet not as grand as the one in 1833. Our latitude, we are led to conclude, is not very well favored, as in Philadelphia and Pittsburg nothing unusual was witnessed. We can only hope for the better. Our thanks as well as sympathies we extend to those of our wide-awake citizens who were ready to apprise the sleeping ones if anything remarkable should occur.

Everett Literary Association.

The above is the name of the literary Society recently organized in this place. We are happy to state that it is in a fair way for improvement and we trust success. We have always encouraged literary societies, believing that the benefits derived from them are not of a mere individual nature, but extending to the town which is graced with it. Should our young men avail themselves of the opportunity to improve their mental faculties, and thus receive that moral and theoretical education, which is necessary for many, indeed all, the duties of life, not only they themselves will feel the benefit, but society at large will advance as they advance. The association meets every Friday evening, their room being for the present the Treasurer's office, in the Court House. An invitation is extended to our young men generally to send in their applications for membership.

The Concert.

On Wednesday evening last the Huntingdon Mozart Association gave a Concert in the Court House Hall. The room was well filled, the result of liberal advertising and complimentary notices. The audience appreciated the music, vocal and instrumental, but the opinion was concurred in by all that the programme was a little too monotonous to please all. A few more laughable performances would have made the variety that would have made the spice of the entertainment; and we hope the Association will profit by the experiment when they perform again. They return sincere thanks for the patronage on the occasion, and are assured that our public is grateful.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.
TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL.	WESTWARD. PHILAD'A. EXPRESS.	WESTWARD. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.	WESTWARD. BALTIMORE EXPRESS.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. ACCOMMODATION EXPRESS.	EASTWARD. MAIL.	EASTWARD. PHILAD'A. EXPRESS.
P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
5 15	.....	11 43	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	3 44	.....
5 24	.....	11 53	.....	Mt. Union,	.....	3 37	.....
5 31	.....	12 05	.....	Mapleton,	.....	3 29	.....
5 39	.....	12 15	.....	Mill Creek,	.....	3 21	.....
5 54	7 05	12 31	6 07	Huntingdon,	4 58	3 09	10 56
6 13	.....	12 51	.....	Petersburg,	.....	2 52	.....
6 20	.....	1 01	.....	Barree,	.....	2 44	.....
6 27	.....	1 13	6 35	Spruce Creek,	.....	2 38	.....
6 41	.....	1 34	.....	Birmingham,	.....	2 24	.....
6 49	7 53	1 45	6 56	Tyrone,	4 14	2 16	10 07
7 00	.....	2 00	.....	Tipton,	.....	2 06	.....
7 05	.....	2 08	.....	Fostoria,	.....	2 01	.....
7 10	.....	2 15	.....	Bell's Mills,	.....	1 57	.....
7 25	8 25	2 40	7 30	Altoona,	3 25	1 40	9 35
P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.	A.M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 3 45 A. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 5 11 A. M.
The DAY EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 8 30 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon 9 48 A. M.
The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 40 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 8 55 P. M.
Nov. 20, 1866.

Did You See the Meteors?

Not those celestial wonders that we were all deprived of seeing, but the meteors of Fashions which throng our streets with first class goods, that they purchased at S. E. Henry & Co's. Mammoth Store, where all who call can be accommodated with every variety of fashionable Dry Goods, Fresh Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Glass, Salt, Nails, Iron, Paints and Oils of all kinds.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.
November. 20.

Family Flour	$13,25
Extra Flour	11,00
Superfine Flour	8,75
Rye Flour	8,00
Corn Meal	4,25
Extra White Wheat	3,10
Fair and Prime Red	3,15
Rye	1,45
Corn, prime Yellow	1,27
Oats	62
Barley	1,22
Cloverseed, @64 lbs.	8,25
Timothy	2,50
Flaxseed	3,30

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.
WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour ₱ bl	$13,50	Flaxseed	$2,75
Extra Flour	14,00	Hops ₱ lb	50 @ 60
Family Flour	14,50	Lard	25 @ 30
Apple Butter ₱ gallon	1,25	Hay ₱ ton	14,00
Barley	70	Lard	29
Butter	35	Large Onions ₱ bus	1,25
Buckwheat	80	Mixed Chop	2,00
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt	3,75	Oats	60
Bran ₱ cwt	1,25	Potatoes ₱ bus	60
Brooms ₱ doz	3,00@4,00	Plaster per ton	10,00
Beeswax ₱ lb	30	Rags ₱ lb	4
Beans ₱ bus	2,00	Rye	1,00
Cloverseed ₱ 64 lbs	8,00	Rye Chop ₱ cwt	2,00
Chickens	20 to 25	Rye Straw ₱ bundle	8
Country Soap	10	Shorts ₱ cwt	1,0
Corn	80	Shoulder	22
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	2,00	Sides	25
Dried Apples ₱ lb	4,50	Tallow	10 @ 12
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	10	Timothy	4,00
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	18 to 25	Turkeys	75 @ 1,50
Dried Beef	35	Wheat Red	3,00
Eggs	25	Wheat White	3,10
Feathers ₱ lb	50	Wool ₱ lb	45

Court Proceedings.

The following is the list of Commonwealth cases tried last week;

Commonwealth vs Joseph Wall. 2 indictments for assault and battery.—Not guilty, and prosecutor pay costs.

Asher Drake, charged with fornication and bastardy. Plead guilty, and the usual sentence inflicted.

John Akeley, indicted for larceny, plead guilty and submitted.

Samuel D. Bolinger plead guilty to a charge of fornication and bastardy, and submits to the usual sentence.

George W. B. Sipo, indicted for assault and battery, plead guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $1 and costs.

Edward Pergrin, charged, 1st, with assault with intent to commit a rape; 2d, assault. Found guilty and sentenced to pay $1 fine and costs, and undergo imprisonment for two months in the county jail.

George Lewis, charged, 1st, with keeping a bawdy house; 2d, open lewdness. Not a true bill, and county pay the costs.

Richard Burns, indicted, 1st, for assault on an officer; 2d, assault. Found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs.

Thomas Lloyd, et al, charged with riot. Found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $10 each.

Thos. Lloyd, et al, indicted for malicious mischief. Nolle prosequi entered by District Attorney.

Nicholas Shank, indicted for assault and battery. Recognizance forfeited.

John Fulton, charged, 1st, with assault and battery; 2d, assault. Not guilty and prosecutor pay the costs.

Richard Burns, indicted for selling liquor without license. Continued.

Thomas Kelly and William Smith, indictment, nuisance. Continued.

Jefferson Mort, charged with larceny, plead guilty and submits.

Anthony McIntire, et al, charged, 1st, with riot; 2d, assault and battery. Continued. Charged also with conspiracy, but not being a true bill county pays the costs.

William Bennett, indicted, 1st, with burglary; 2d, intent to commit larceny. Nolle prosequi entered on first count, and defendant plead guilty to second.

Daniel Flenner indicted for nuisance Continued.

☞ Mr. Christain Van Pool, one of the oldest men in all the country, died on Monday of last week, at his residence in Half Moon Township, Centre county. The family possessed no record of his birth but from his recollections of occurrences witnessed by him, we are led to concur in the general opinion that his age ranged somewhere between 112 and 114 years. The old man had a very retentive memory, and was always happiest when detailing his reminiscences of years long gone. Almost every important event of our late war, proved in his estimation the counterpart of some action of our revolutionary struggle. He had seen, in common parlance, with his own eyes, the immortal Washington, the noble La Fayette, and many others whose names will live in the memories of their countrymen, so long as American citizens feel a pride in their nationality. Old Mr. Van Pool was certainly a living curiosity. Last harvest, he was seen reaping, and shocking grain, in fact making himself generally useful, and serving as a hand. In traveling he preferred to walk rather than ride on horseback, or in any species of conveyance. He was fond of reading, but seldom used spectacles. His great age was most noticeable in his defective hearing, and even this was not seriously impaired, since he could hear what was said to him in ordinary tones, by those with whom he was acquainted. He said not longer than last summer, while talking with the writer of this, that if it were not for an occasional touch of the rheumatism, which annoyed him in damp weather, he would be as sound a man as he was at eighty years of age. Then, no doubt, he felt that he was in the prime of life.—*Central Press.*

Look for "Them Goods."

Mr. Carmon, of the firm of Cunningham & Carmon, has gone east to purchase new Goods. Joe is A No. 1 in buying good Goods to sell cheap.—Next week the people may expect to find the new Goods on hand and ready for the crowd of customers who will naturally rush for bargains. Don't forget the place on Railroad street. *

The Harrisburg *Telegraph* and a few other Radical papers in the interest of Mr. Cameron, don't think Gov. Curtin sound enough on the goose to be elected U. S. Senator. With them be it.

☞ For plain, fancy and ornamental printing, call at the "Globe" Office.

HENRY HARPER,
520 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA.
Has a large stock of FINE
WATCHES,
FINE GOLD JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER WARE,
and SILVER PLATED WARE,
Suitable for Holiday and Bridal Presents
nov13,1866-2m

MARRIED,

Nov. 15th, by Rev. Thos. Barnhart, Mr. GEORGE ROLAND, to Miss DIANA KUHEMAN, both of Cass twp., Huntingdon County.

Nov. 15th, by Rev. S. A. Croveling, Mr. THOS. J. BRIGGS, to Miss LIZZIE THOMPSON, both of Shirleysburg, Huntingdon County.

On the 18th inst., by Rev. J. W. Love, Mr. B. F. HEWITT, of Shavers Creek, to Miss A. M. KNODE, of the vicinity of Petersburg, Hunt. Co. Pa.

DIED,

At Huntingdon Furnace, on Wednesday the 14th inst., CLARA PORTER, daughter of Colonel A., and Jane Keith, aged 12 years, and 8 months.

The deceased—a particularly bright and promising girl—was attacked by an unconquerable disease of the nervous system, and lingered through seven months, of most painful illness; bearing her sufferings, with a patience and meekness, rarely found in more mature age. She closed her eyes peacefully, in the sleep of death, rejoicing in bright hope of that better life, with God. 'Twas hard to part with her, but we feel a blessed comfort in our sorrow. She is at rest. W.

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE
IN HUNTINGDON.

NEW GOODS
FOR FALL AND WINTER.
WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, oct. 31, 1866.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.
D. P. GWIN
INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.
COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN.
oc. 31 '66.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.
M. GUTMAN
HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
Which he offers to all who want to be
CLOTHED,
AT PRICE TO SUIT THE TIMES.
His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for
MEN AND BOYS,
ALSO,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.
Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.
Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.
MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon oc. 31, '66.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.
THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of
SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.
ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.
A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.
☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.
Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, oc. 31, 1866.

READ AND BE POSTED!
TO THE NEWLY MARRIED
AND ALL IN WANT OF
New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of
DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS,
Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.
He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.
The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Work and sales room on *Hill street, near Smith, one* door west of Yenter's store.
JAMES HIGGINS.
Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

1866. 1866.
CLOTHING.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
FALL AND WINTER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.
Huntingdon Oct. 31, '66.

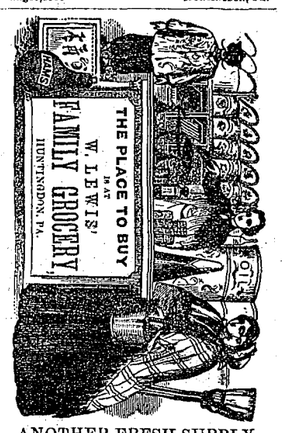
GREAT ENTHUSIASM!
HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!
THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.
JOHN H. WESTBROOK
Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.
all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.
A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.
Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.
Huntingdon, oct. 31, 1866.

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO.

VERMICELLI, Barley, Rice, Hominy, Beans, &c., at Lewis' Family Grocery.

UNITED STATES
Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY
HUNTINGDON, PA.
W. H. WOODS,
AUTHORIZED GOVERNM'T AGENT,
And Attorney for Soldiers and their Friends.
He will prosecute and collect, with unrivalled success, Soldiers' Claims and Dues of all Kinds. Also, any other kind of Claim against the Government, before any of the Departments.

Glorious News!
$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY!!
NEW BOUNTY LAW PASSED!
Attention, Discharged Soldiers!
The Act of Congress approved July 28, 1866, gives $100 additional bounty to all soldiers who enlisted for three years and were discharged by reason of expiration of service, or who were discharged for wounds received in battle and who have not received more than $100 bounty for such service. An additional bounty of $100 is also allowed to the nearest relative of soldiers who enlisted for a term of three years and who died or were killed in the service, to be paid in the following order: First, to the widow; second, to the children; third, to the father, and fourth, to the mother.
Soldiers' Widows.
By applying to W. H. Woods, of Huntingdon, Huntingdon county, Pa., you can have your pensions increased two dollars a month for each and every child you have, and when the widow has married or died, the children are entitled to the increase.
To all who have brought home the bodies of their friends who died or were killed in the service of the United States, there is a certain amount of compensation allowed you for the expenses incurred in bringing home the bodies of your friends, which you can obtain by making application to me.
Invalid Soldiers, Attention!
The act of Congress, approved June 6, 1866, gives additional pensions to the following class of persons:
Soldiers who have lost both eyes or both hands, $25 per month; who have lost both feet $20 per month; who have lost one hand or one foot, or totally disabled in the same, $15 per month.
Persons who have been deprived of their pensions in consequence of being in the civil service of the United States Government, can be restored to the pension roll by *applying to me.*
Fathers and mothers who were in whole or in part dependent upon their sons for support are entitled to a pension. Also brothers and sisters under sixteen years of age
All discharged soldiers who did not receive transportation to their places of enlistment when discharged, are entitled to receive it; and also all who were held as prisoners of war, and did not receive commutation of rations when released or discharged, are entitled to it.
Officers who were in the service on the 3d of March, 1865, and were discharged after the 9th of April, 1865, by applying to me can receive three months extra pay.
Soldiers of 1812!
All soldiers, or soldiers' widows, of the war of 1812, who have served two months, or been wounded or disabled in such service, if in necessitous circumstances, are entitled to an annuity of $40.
Local Bounty.
All veteran soldiers who gave their credit to districts in the State of Pennsylvania, and who received no local bounty, are entitled to receive three hundred dollars.
All persons having any of the above mentioned claims, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, will please address me, giving full particulars, enclosing a stamp for return postage, and they will receive a prompt reply.
W. H. WOODS,
Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent.
aug15,1866 HUNTINGDON, PA.



ANOTHER FRESH SUPPLY
OF
Choice GROCERIES
JUST RECEIVED.
Also,
Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.
Also,
Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and
All kinds of Syrups,
such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c
CALL AND SEE.

GEO. SHAEFFER
Has just returned from the east with a
SPLENDID STOCK
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,
Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most
REASONABLE PRICES,
and those who purchase once will surely call again.
BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,
and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.
Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE, 12 WALL STREET.
Cash Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $270,000.
Total Assets, $1,270,000
This Company insures against all loss or damage by fire, inland navigation, transportation, &c. The cost of insuring in this company is no more than the first cost would be in these small Mutual Companies.
With no Assessments!
This Company is made safe by the State laws of New York, which is not the case with the Pennsylvania Insurance Companies.
J. D. STEELE, President. P. NOTHAM, Secretary
HENRY KIP, Supt. of Agencies.
ANDREW JOHNSTON, Agent,
my1-6m Huntingdon, Penna.
Office formerly occupied by W. H. Woods, Esq., Hill st

FURNITURE!
J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
FURNITURE
Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.
Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.
☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.
The subscriber has a
NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE,
and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country. J. M. WISE.
Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,
Will do more and better work at a given cost, than any other! Try it! Manufactured only by
ZIEGLER & SMITH,
jan23-1y No. 137 North THIRD st., PHILAD'A.

ALBUMS ALBUMS.
A beautiful assortment of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS just received and for sale
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa

BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CHOICE Teas, Coffee, Sugars and Molasses, for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

DR. LEON'S
CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS.
THE PERFECTION OF MEDICAL SCIENCE.
Dr. Leon's Electric Hair Renewer.
It is a positive cure for Baldness.
It restores Gray Hair to its original color.
It is a Tonic, *not a Dye,* and acts upon the secretions.
It immediately arrests falling out of the hair.
It alleviates Neuralgia and Headache.
It radically cures Dandruff and Humors.
It keeps the scalp healthy, clean and cool.
It is an elegant and exquisitely fragrant Hair Dressing
It restores, cultivates and beautifies the hair.
It makes harsh hair flexible and lustrous.
Dr. Leon's Electric Hair Renewer has enjoyed a high local reputation for many years. Its wonderful restorative and invigorating properties are well known to the Medical Faculty of Philadelphia.
Being fully satisfied of the merits of Leon's Electric Hair Renewer we have procured exclusive ownership and are determined that every household in our land shall have opportunity to reap its benefits.
DR. LEON'S INFANT RE MEDY.
A most delicious and efficacious cure for the various ills to which Infants and Young Children are subject.
Invaluable for Teething Children!
It softens the gums, abates inflammation, invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and is a sure and speedy cure for Colic, Cramps and Windy Pains.
A most excellent preparation for children of a restless and fretful habit, and in all cases of Looseness, Griping, Vomiting, or other inward grief, it gives immediate ease.
Used for more than half a century in the private practice of one of the most eminent physicians of Philadelphia.
In now placing this article within the reach of all our countrymen, we would remark that we know it to be a Remedy of unrivaled excellence and that it has proved in thousands of cases, as we are resolved it shall in millions, a priceless boon.
For sale by Druggists everywhere.
SILVER'S WASH POWDER!
SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.
Makes Washing a Pastime and Monday a Festival.
SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT!
Address all orders for any of the above to
ZIEGLER & SMITH,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
no14-1y 137 Nth. Third St., Philadelphia.

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,
JEWELERS & SILVER-SMITHS,
822 CHESTNUT ST.,
PHILADELPHIA,
Are opening a very full list of the productions of foreign industry and art, of their own selection in European capitals, including a great variety of articles of use and ornament, in
BRONZE, BRONZE AND GILT, GILT AND CRYSTAL, CUT GLASS, DECORATED LEATHER AND PORCELAIN.
BRIDAL, OPERA & PARTY FANS,
Of every variety and price.
FRENCH MANTEL CLOCKS, VASES, FIGURES and CANDELABRAS.
WATCHES,
In great variety; and all warranted.
DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY,
A large and very choice selection.
SILVER-WARE,
An increased line of Rich Articles for Bridal Gifts and Table use.
PLATED WARES,
From the best English and American Manufacturers, comprising altogether a collection attractive in beauty, complete in detail, and moderate in price. no14-2m

SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,
EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS and IMPORTERS
—OF—
Gold, Plated and Oreide Jewelry,
SOLID AND NICKEL
SILVER WARE,
American, English and Swiss
WATCHES,
CASED BY OURSELVES, and every description of
Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,
Especially adapted AND designed for SOUTHERN and WESTERN TRADE.
Circulars and full descriptive Price Lists sent free.
Agents wanted everywhere. Address
SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,
Oct.31,-3m. 51 BORRANCE STREET, Providence, R. I.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
PLEASE NOTICE.
Ladies' Long Jet Chains,
SENT TO ANY ADDRESS FOR $1.00
Jet Ear-Rings, Price 50 Cts.
GENTS' VEST CHAINS,
PRICE 50 CENTS.
MANUFACTURED BY
PHILIP HILL,
259 Market St., Philadelphia.
☞ All sent by mail. [nov.7,1m.

"OPPOSITE THE BUTTONWOOD TREE."
HERTZLER & GUION,
(*Successors to John Hertzler,*)
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
WINES
AND
LIQUORS,
NO. 821 MARKET ST., PHILAD'A.
HARRY H ERTZLER. GEO. A. GUION.
oc31 4m MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS FOR SALE.

500 CANVASSERS WANTED
TO SELL
Dr. Jenning's Great Work,
The Horse and Other Live Stock.
The best subscription book in the market, containing over 1000 pages, with more than 200 Illustrations, strongly bound in leather.
It gives a complete description of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine and Poultry, with their various diseases and remedies. Good and reliable agents wanted in every neighborhood. For circulars, terms, &c., address
BARTLESON & CO.,
no14-1m 611 Chestnut st., Philada

WM. MENCKE & BROTHER,
NO. 534 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BERLIN ZEPHYRS,
EMBROIDERIES, FINE KNIT GOODS, personally selected in Europe.
DOMESTIC ZEPHYRS,
Germantown WOOLS, Cashmere YARNS, Etc.,
Latest styles in Ladies Dress and Cloak
TRIMMINGS,
Buttons, Drop Fringes, Laces, Shawl Borders, Etc.
White embroidered Bands, etc.
The goods being all carefully selected our Wholesale Department offers great inducements to the trade. oct.17

THOMAS M. KERR, General Partner. WILLIAM CARE, Special Partner.
THOMAS M. KERR,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
NO. 143 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
Country produce sold on commission. ap25-1y

COTTON CHAIN, Carpet Chain, Cotton Laps, wick Yarn, Tie Yarn, &c., at
S. E. HENRY & CO.

EYRE & LANDELL,
FOURTH & ARCH STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA,
Have now completed their improvement and are now offering on the best of terms
FULL STOCK OF FALL DRY GOODS.
Fine stock of SHAWLS,
Fine stock of SILKS,
Fine stock of DRESS GOODS,
Fine stock of WOOLENS,
Fine stock of STAPLE GOODS,
Fine stock of FANCY GOODS,
Etc. New and desirable goods daily received, and sold at small advance wholesale. de.6-6t

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,
Preferred by all practical Painters! Try it! and you will have no other. Manufactured only by
ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,
No. 137 Nth. Third st., Philada.
Jan24-1y

IVIN'S Patent HAIR CRIMPERS!
For Crimping and Waving Ladies Hair
NO HEAT REQUIRED IN USING THEM!
Ask your storekeepers for them. If he does not keep them, write to the manufacturer E. IVINS, Sixth st. and Columbia avenue, Philadelphia. ap28-3m

LUMBER. LUMBER.
LUMBER.
THE undersigned has just received and is now ready to supply the public with
ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,
COMPRISING ALL THE DIFFERENT GRADES,
From cullings up to the clear stuff,
From 9 months to 2 years dry!
Also,
PLASTERING LATH,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
BUILDING STUFF AND PLANK.
WORKED FLOORING, WEATHER-BOARDING,
DOORS, WINDOW-FRAMES, SASHES, &c
at reasonable prices.
Now is the time to buy, before the Spring rush, as Lumber is already advancing, and dry lumber is a scarce article. CHAS. H. ANDERSON.
Huntingdon, Feb. 27, 1866

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
IS NOW
IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.
The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.
GRAIN, of every description,
Bought at this mill.
McCAHAN & SON.
Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

1000 BUSHELS WHEAT
Wanted at Steam Pearl Mill.
my2 McCAHAN & SON.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.
NEW STORE, NEW GOODS, NEW FIRM.
BOYER & CARNER
Would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened a
NEW STORE AT GRANTSVILLE, (Markleburg station)
Consisting of Groceries of all kinds, Dry Goods, such as prints, muslins, de laines, &c.; Hardware, Queensware, and a large lot of Shoes at reduced prices; Hats, Caps, Tinware, Salt, fish, woodenware and willow ware, drugs and stationery, which they are prepared to sell at very low prices to those who will favor us with a call.
BOYER & GARNER.
Grantsville, May 16, 1866.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
WM. AFRICA
Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,
A Fine Assortment of all kinds of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.
Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.
Huntingdon, April 10, 1866.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,
CALL AT
DONNELL & KLINE'S,
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
Huntingdon, Oct 4, '66-tf.

TO THE LADIES.
The best assortment of
ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,
Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of
WM. MARCH & BRO.
A splendid assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS
Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,
The Whitest, the most durable and the most economica Try it! Manufactured only by
ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,
an24-1y No. 137 North Third st., Philada.

EVERY

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

RAILROAD STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

SLEDGES, HAMMERS,

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,

Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, February 27, 1866.

1866. 1866.

NEW METROPOLITAN

—OO—

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN

Has removed to the splendid storeroom in his new

MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Where he offers at Wholesale and Retail an immense stock and endless variety of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

TEN YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.

Having just returned from New York and Philadelphia with a splendid stock, bought since the recent decline in gold, I am now offering great inducements to buyers.

Among my stock may be found

WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS.

TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR

Carpenters,
Blacksmiths,
Gunsmiths,
Shoemakers,
Saddlers,
Painters,
Coachmakers,
Cabinet Makers,
Machinists,
Foundrymen,
And for all other kinds of Mechanics.

FARMERS

Will find in my stock a great variety of Farming Implements of the best quality, such as

Scythes,
Rakes,
Forks,
Shovels,
Spades,
Hoes,
Garden Trowels,
Garden Hoes,
Garden Rakes,
Grass Hooks,
Pruning Shears, Pruning Saws, Pruning Knives, &c., &c

Every farmer should see the famous

HARPOON HAY FORK!

It is the wonder of the age; and *one trial* convinces the most skeptical that it is the best Hay Fork made.—I have the agency for the sale of these forks for Huntingdon and parts of Bedford and Fulton counties and can fill orders for Forks, pullies and ropes at manufacturers prices.

I have also the celebrated

PALMER HORSE FORKS

Which have given such good satisfaction for the last 3 years, and which I am now selling at greatly reduced prices.

FOR BUILDERS

I have an endless assortment of

LOCKS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
BRADS,
PAINTS,
GLASS,
PUTTY,
VARNISHES, &C.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.

Our best mechanics say that the

DUNCANNON NAILS

are the best brought to this market. I have the agency for the sale of these nails and spikes, and

DEALERS, BUILDERS, and others,

can be supplied promptly in quantities from *one pound to one hundred kegs,* at manufacturers' prices.

HARRISBURG STONEWARE,

EARTHENWARE AND HOLLOWWARE,

all sold low for cash.

Cheap

WOODEN PUMPS!

The merit of these pumps is shown by the fact that the demand for them is rapidly increasing everywhere. There is no iron in them to corrode and injure the water. They are light and convenient, so that every man can put in his own pump, the whole only costing him about one half the price of other pumps. Pumps, and wooden pipe to suit them, promptly shipped by railroad on receipt of orders. Give depth from floor to bottom of well.

Thankful for the patronage I have hitherto received I shall continue my endeavors to suit, accommodate and please all, and respectfully solicit a liberal share of public patronage.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Huntingdon, May 16, 1866.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one door west of W Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABLER'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Flies, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censor, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
Second Floor of Brown's Hardware building

se27

BROUGHER'S PATENT EXCELSIOR

BROOM HEAD OR WRAPPER.

PATENTED DECEMBER 24, 1860.

Everybody his own Broom Maker.

This head or Wrapper is constructed of Tin or Zinc with sliding band and bolts, in connection with the centre bolt passing thro' the handle, holding it secure.

The article to which we call your attention is very simple, light and strong, weighing but SEVEN OUNCES.

The farming community have long needed an article of this character; and the high price of Brooms, together with the simplicity, durability, and practical utility of this invention makes it more saleable than any other article ever introduced.

☞ We offer borough, township, and family rights for sale on reasonable terms, in the county of Huntingdon.

For further particulars, call and see the subscribers, or address

THOS. G. STRICKLER & SON,
feb7,1866 Huntingdon, Pa.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

NEW FIRM.

MARBLE YARD

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, as at low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church

feb14,1866ly.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts. Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1866.

OIL CLOTH WINDOW SHADES,

GILT GOLD SHADES,

MUSLIN SHADES,

BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

TAPE, CORD AND TASSALS

ULL ASSORTMENT

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

READY RECKONER A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day. For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

LOVE'S Pure and Superior Rio Coffee in packages of one pound, for sale at

LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery. Call and see.

PURE SPICES

at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

PERFUMERY and Fancy Soaps for sale at

LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS, For sale at

LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of black and fancy Cassimeres at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

WILLOW and CEDAR WARE for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

THE BEST EASTERN CHEESE mh7'66at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

SEGARS.—Best quality of Segars mh7 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CARPETING OF ALL KINDS at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.

Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden, on Hill street. apl0,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER,

DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 26, 1866.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the Franklin House in the old bank building, Hill street, Huntingdon. April 10, 1866.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. J. J. & J. D. FEE,

may2,1866 Proprietors.

MORRISON HOUSE,

Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

☞ I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.

May 10, 1866-tf.

K. ALLEN LOVELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

OFFICE—In the brick row, opposite the Court House. may3.1866

MILTON S. LYTLE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. se12'66

R. McMURTRIE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. aug2,1866

R. MILTON SPEER. E. S. McMURTRIE.

SPEER & McMURTRIE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office the same as formerly occupied by Mr. Speer. Huntingdon, Aug. 16-1m*

J. W MATTERN. WILLIAM A. SIPE.

MATTERN & SIPE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AND

LICENSED CLAIM AGENTS,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Office on Hill street.

Soldiers Claims against the Government for Back Pay Bounty, Widows' and Invalids' Pensions attended to with great care and promptness. my29-1y

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JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted. May 17, 1865-tf.

A. W. BENEDICT. J. SEWELL STEWART. P. M. LYTLE.

THE firm of Benedict & Stewart has been changed to

BENEDICT, STEWART & LYTLE,

under which name they will hereafter practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

They will also give careful attention to the collection of military and other Claims against the State or Government.

Office formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House. feb6,1866

BOYER & GARNER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., Marklesburg station.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

ANDREW JOHNSTON, agent for the Niagara Insurance Company, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, Huntingdon.

WM. LEWIS & CO., Family Groceries, Provision and Feed Store, Hunt., Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON, Dealer in all kinds of Lumber, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE, PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

THOMAS G. STRICKLER & SON, Manufacturers of Brougher's patent Broom Head or Wrapper, Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturers.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

BILL POSTER.

The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office.

Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS

CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY

AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.

JAS. A. BROWN is Agent for the sale of our Nails and Spikes, at Huntingdon, Pa. It is well known that the Duncannon Nails are far superior in quality to any others offered in the Huntingdon market

DEALERS, BUILDERS, and consumers generally will be supplied in quantities from one pound to one hundred kegs at manufacturers' prices by sending their orders or calling at his new mammoth Hardware store, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap10] DUNCANNON IRON CO.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS, Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, ruined Plaid, Wool Flannels &c., &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

$1,500 PER YEAR.—We want Agents everywhere to sell our improved $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap machines are *infringements* and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine; or Chicago, Ill. dec20-1y

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AGENTS WANTED.

$2500 BARTLETT $2500

SEWING MACHINES.

Fully Licensed. Exclusive territory given. Pay from $200 to $500 per month. For terms, illustrated circulars, &c., address, with stamp, either office PAGE BROTHERS, Gen'l Agents, 245 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penn. 221 Summit St., Toledo, O.

AGENTS WANTED.

September 19, 1865.

S. S. CAMPBELL & CO.,

Manufacturing CONFECTIONERS,

and Wholesale Dealers in

FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS, &C.,

No. 303 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Also manufacturers of all kinds of Molasses Candy and Cocoanut work. se18'66-1y

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1866. PHILADELPHIA 1866

WALL PAPERS.

NEW FALL STYLES.

HOWELL & BOURKE,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Paper Hangings & Window Shades,

CORNER FOURTH & MARKET STS., PHILADA.

N B—Always in store, a large stock of LINEN AND OIL SHADES. se5-3m

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BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

JOSEPH L. POULTON,

Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,

HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains

FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE,

superior to any now in the city.

This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

INVENTORS' OFFICES.

D'EPINEUIL & EVANS,

Civil Engineers and Patent Solicitors,

No. 435 Walnut St., Philada.

Patents solicited — Consultations on Engineering, Draughting and Sketches, Models and Machinery of all kinds made and skillfully attended to. Special attention given to REJECTED CASES and INTERFERENCES.—Authentic copies of all Documents from Patent Office procured.

N. B.—Save yourselves useless trouble and traveling expenses, as there is no actual need for personal interview with us. All business with these Offices, can be transacted in writing. For further information direct as above with stamp enclosed, for Circular with references. January17, 1866-1y

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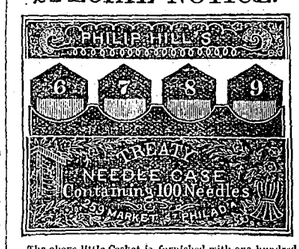
SPECIAL NOTICE.



The above little Casket is furnished with one hundred best quality NEEDLES, numbers most needed for lady's use. They are the best manufactured. Every lady should send and procure one of these casket. This little casket is forwarded to any address on receipt of 50 cents by mail. Any one wishing to become agent will please send for sample and circular. Price for sample, 50 cents. I want 1000 agents more.

The Great American Puzzle will be sent to any address on receipt of 20 cents. It contains six numbers.

PHILIP HILL,
an22-6m 220 Market street, Philada.

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628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

HOPKIN'S "OWN MAKE!"

New Fall Styles!

Are in every respect *first class,* and embrace a complete assortment for Ladies, Misses, and Children, of the newest styles, every length and sizes of waist.

Our skirts, wherever known, are more universally popular than any others before the public. They retain their shape better, are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and really cheaper, than any other Hoop Skirt in the market. The springs and fastenings are warranted perfect. Every lady should try them! They are now being extensively sold by merchants, throughout the country, and at wholesale and retail, at manufactory and sales room

No. 628 Arch St., below 7th, Philada.

Ask for Hopkin's "OWN MAKE"—buy no other!

CAUTION.—None genuine unless stamped on each K Pad—"Hopkin's Hoop Skirt Manufactory, No. 628 Arc St., Philadelphia."

Also, constantly on hand full line of New York made Skirts, at very low prices.

TERMS, NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.

se5-1m

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

OLD ESTABLISHED

Fur Manufactory

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

Fancy Furs,

for LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞ Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,
oc3-4m PHILADELPHIA.

☞ I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA.

LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND

J. W. Bradley's Celebrated Patent Duplex Elliptic, or Double Spring,

SKIRT.

The wonderful Flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded assemblies, operas, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, arm chairs, for promenade and house dress, as the skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a silk or muslin dress, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any single spring skirt.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the duplex elliptic steel spring skirt for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For children, misses and young ladies they are superior to all others.

They will not bend or break like the single spring but will preserve their perfect and graceful shape when three or four ordinary skirts will have been thrown aside as useless. The hoops are covered with cambic and twisted thread, and the bottom rods are not only double springs, but twice (or double) covered; preventing them from wearing out when dragging down stoops, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the Fashion Magazines as the standard skirt of the fashionable world.

To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in crinoline, viz: superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape and finish, flexibility, durability, comfort and economy, enquire for J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, or double spring skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION—To guard against imposition be particular to notice that skirts offered as "Duplex" have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs" upon the waist band—none others are genuine. Also notice that every hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength, and a combination not to be found in any other spring.

For sale in all stores where first class skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the sole owners of the patent.

WEST, BRADLEY & CAREY,
oc24-3m] 67 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Sts., N. Y

$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. F. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. oc20'66-1y

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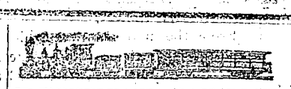

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD.					STATIONS.	EASTWARD			
MAIL.	DAY EXPRESS.	FAST LINE.	EXPRESS EMIGRANT.	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.		ACCOMMODATION EXPRESS.	LOCAL ACCOMMODATION	WAY PASSENGER.
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.			P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
6 08	.....	11 43	.....		N. Hamilton,	.....	4 58	8 35
6 18	.....	11 53	.....		Mt. Union,	.....	4 40	8 25
6 25	.....	12 05	.....		Mapleton,	.....	4 26	8 15
6 34	.....	12 15	.....		Mill Creek,	.....	4 25	8 05
6 50	6 16	12 31	5 56		Huntingdon,	5 06	4 10	7 50
7 06	.....	12 51	.....		Petersburg,	.....	3 50	7 30
7 15	.....	1 01	.....		Barree,	.....	3 41	7 21
7 22	.....	1 13	6 23		Spruce Creek,	.....	3 30	7 10
7 38	.....	1 35	.....		Birmingham,	.....	3 16	6 55
7 40	6 57	1 45	6 46		Tyrone,	4 24	3 05	6 46
7 50	.....	2 00	.....		Tipton,	.....	2 53	6 33
8 04	.....	2 08	.....		Fostoria,	.....	2 46	6 26
8 10	.....	2 16	.....		Bell's Mills,	.....	2 39	6 19
8 20	6 25	2 40	7 20		Altoona,	3 55	2 20	6 00
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.			P. M.	P. M.	A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 35 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 10 56 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 3 30 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 4 54 A. M.

The DAY EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 8 30 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon 9 48 A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 00 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 8 20 A. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 35 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 8 55 P. M.

The NEW YORK EXPRESS Westward leaves Huntingdon at 7 38 A. M., and arrives at Altoona 8 50 A. M.

July 30, 1866.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, NOVR 5th, 1866, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.			STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	NORTHWARD TRAINS.		
ACCOMMO	EXPRESS			ACCOMM	EXPRESS	
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	
LE 4 15	LE 8 10		Huntingdon,	AR 11 20	AR 5 15	
4 35	8 30		McConnellstown,	11 19	5 24	
4 43	8 38		Pleasant Grove,	11 11	5 16	
5 00	8 54		Marklesburg,	10 55	5 00	
5 16	9 10		Coffee Run,	10 39	4 45	
5 24	9 18		Rough & Ready,	10 31	4 36	
5 34	9 30		Cove,	10 19	4 24	
5 40	9 34		Fisher's Summit,	10 15	4 20	
AR 5 55	9 49				LE 4 05	
	LE 10 00		Saxton,	AR 10 00	AR 3 55	
	10 20		Riddlesburg,		3 35	
	10 28		Hopewell,		3 27	
	10 46		Piper's Run,		3 09	
	11 18		Paterville,		2 47	
	11 31		Bloody Run,		2 34	
	AR 11 35		Mount Dallas,	LE	LE 2 30	
SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.						
	LE 10 05		Saxton,			3 50
	10 20		Coalmont,			3 35
	10 25		Crawford,			3 25
	AR 10 35		Dudley,			3 20

Huntingdon Nov 5, 1866. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

JUNE 11, 1866.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 8.10 and 9 05 A. M., and 2 10 and 9.15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R, arriving at New York 6,00 and 10 10 A, M., & 3.10, 5.20, 10 45 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 15 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Mauersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 10 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 2 20 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 7 & 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 3 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 30 P. M., stops at all stations; Pottsville at 8.45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 11.50 a m, and 1,05 P M; Tamaqua at 9.45 A M., and 1 and 8 55 P M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.00 a m.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.00 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 6.00 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 8 45 a m., 12 05 and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 45 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading, Pottsville 8 A. M., Tamaqua 7.50 A. M., Harrisburg 9 05 A. M., and Reading 1 33, 7 30 a. m., for Harrisburg, 10,52a m., for New York, and 4.25 p.m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, June 25, 1866. *General Superintendent.*

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